# **ADDENDUM I**

### Purpose and Scope

KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. is part of the KUEHNE + NAGEL corporate group, following the same corporate culture of the Group and adopting the same standards of conduct.

In order to comply with the requirements of Portuguese Decree-Law n.º 109-E/2021, of 9 of December, it is hereby established the guiding principles of conduct in addition to those already provided in the Kuehne+Nagel Code of Conduct (hereafter referred to as "Code of Conduct"), which should also be adopted by the members of KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A., in the performance of their duties.

The Code of Conduct applies to all managers and employees of KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. (hereafter referred to as "Members"). All Members are obliged to comply with the principles established in this Addendum when carrying out their duties. In case of doubt, they are expected to act according to the rules of common sense and in accordance with the spirit of the Code of Conduct and the Addendum.

### 1. Reporting infringements

KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. has implemented an internal whistleblowing channel, which enables the reporting of facts related to corruption and related offences, as well as any other non-compliance conducts that may involve the commitment of an infringement (e.g., harassment or discrimination issues, breach of rules of the Code of Conduct), completely anonymously and confidentially.

To this end, KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A.'s internal whistleblowing channel policy contains a set of internal rules and procedures for receiving, registering and processing reports of infringements, in accordance with Portuguese Law n.º 93/2021, of 20<sup>th</sup> of December.

### 2. Corruption and Related Offences

KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. repudiates any practice of corruption or related offences, imposing on its members strict compliance with the law, the Code of Conduct and internal policies, both in internal and external relations, and regardless of whether the relationship is established with private or public entities.

All members must comply with the applicable national and international legal rules regarding the prevention of corruption and related offences. KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. repudiates the practice of any behaviour that might constitute the commission of a crime of corruption or any related offences, adopting the appropriate internal acts to prevent its occurrence, to cease any infringing conduct, as well as to reduce the impact of the risks and situations identified.

Under the terms of the General Regime for the Prevention of Corruption, approved by Portuguese Decree-Law n.º 109-E/2021, of 9<sup>th</sup> of December, should be considered as corruption and related offences the acts that may constitute the practice of a crimes of corruption, undue receipt and offering of an advantage, embezzlement, economic participation in business, fraudulent receipt of economic benefit, abuse of power, prevarication, influence peddling, money laundering or fraud in obtaining or diverting a subsidy, grant or credit, as provided for in the Penal Code.

For the purposes of the Code of Conduct and this Addendum, the concepts of corruption and related offences and the respective framework are as follows:

LEGAL TYPE	CONDUCT	LEGAL FRAMEWORK
Corruption	The performance of any act or its omission, whether lawful or unlawful, in exchange for	Articles n.ºs 372.º a 374.º-A of the Penal Code

	the receipt of an undue	
	pecuniary or non-	
	pecuniary advantage, for	
	oneself or for a third	
	party.	
	When the officer, in the	
	performance of his	
	duties or on account of	
	them, by him or through	
Undua receipt or offering	an intermediary, with his	Article n 0 272 0 n 0 1 of
Undue receipt or offering	consent or ratification,	Article n.º 372.º, n.º 1 of
of an advantage	requests or accepts, for	the Penal Code
	him or for a third party, a	
	pecuniary or non-	
	pecuniary advantage	
	which is not due to him.	
	When the officer	
	unlawfully appropriates,	
	for his own benefit or that	
	of another person,	
	money or any other	A (; 1 0 0 7 5 0 0 4 5
Embezzlement	movable item, whether	Article n.º 375.º, n.º 1 of
	public or private, that has	the Penal Code
	been handed to him, is in	
	his possession or is	
	accessible to him as a	
	result of his duties.	
Economic participation in business	When an officer who,	
	with the intention of	
	obtaining, for himself or	Article n.º 377.º, n.º 1 of
	for a third party, unlawful	the Penal Code
	economic participation,	
	damages in a legal	

	transaction the financial	
	interests which, in whole	
	or in part, he is	
	responsible for	
	administering,	
	supervising, defending	
	or realizing by reason of	
	his function.	
	When the officer, in the	
	exercise of their	
	functions or de facto	
	powers deriving from	
	them, by themselves or	
	through an intermediary	
Fraudulent receipt of	with their consent or	Article n.º 379.º of the
economic benefit	ratification, receives, for	Penal Code
	themselves, for the State	
	or for a third party, by	
	means of inducing error	
	or taking advantage of	
	the victim's error, a	
	patrimonial advantage	
	that is not due to them,	
	or is greater than that	
	due, namely a levy, fee,	
	emolument, fine or	
	penalty.	
	When the officer abuses	
	his powers or violates	
	the duties inherent to his	
	functions, with the	
Abuse of power	intention of obtaining, for	Penal Code

	himself or for a third	
	party, an illegitimate	
	benefit or causing harm	
	to another person.	
	When the officer, in the	
	context of investigative,	
	judicial, misdemeanour	
	or disciplinary	
	proceedings, knowingly	Article n.º 369.º of the
Prevarication	performs acts or fails to	Penal Code
	perform acts that were	
	required by virtue of the	
	office he holds, with the	
	intention of harming or	
	benefiting someone.	
	When someone, by	
	themselves or through	
	an intermediary, with	
	their consent or	
	ratification, requests or	
	accepts, for themselves	
	or for a third party, a	Article n.º 335.º of the
Influence Peddling	financial or non-financial	Penal Code
	advantage, or the	
	promise thereof, for the	
	purpose of abusing their	
	influence, real or	
	supposed, in relation to	
	any public entity.	
	When the officer	
Money Laundering	converts, transfers,	
	assists or facilitates any	Article n.º 368.º-A of the
money Eddidoning	operation of conversion	
	operation of conversion	

	or transfer of advantages, obtained by him or by a third party, directly or indirectly, in order to conceal their illicit origin, or to prevent the perpetrator or	
	participant of such offenses from being criminally prosecuted or subjected to a criminal reaction.	
Fraud in obtaining a subsidy or grant	When the officer provides the competent authorities or bodies inaccurate or incomplete information about him/herself or third parties and concerning facts that are important for the granting of a subsidy or grant; omits information on important facts; uses a supporting document obtained through inaccurate or incomplete information; in order to obtain a subsidy or grant.	Article 36.° of the Decree-Law, of 20th of January

## 3. Non-compliance

Failure to comply with the rules of conduct set out in Code of Conduct and its Addendum may give rise to disciplinary and/or criminal liability.

Failure to comply with the duties of conduct may result in the following disciplinary sanctions being applied to members, in the exercise of disciplinary power and under the provision of article 328.° of the Portuguese Labour Code, depending on the seriousness of the violation, the degree of guilt and the consequences of the misconduct:

- Reprimand;
- Registered reprimand;
- Financial penalty;
- Loss of holiday days;
- Suspension from work with loss of salary and seniority;
- Dismissal without indemnification or compensation.

It should also be noted that the practice by any member of act that could constitute a crime of corruption or any related offences is punishable under the Portuguese Penal Code (hereafter referred to as "Penal Code") by imprisonment or a fine. Without prejudice to any penalty increase applicable to the specific case, the maximum penalties laid down in general terms are listed below:

- The crime of active corruption is punishable by up to 5 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 374 of the Penal Code;
- The crime of passive corruption for lawful act is punishable by up to 8 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 373 of the Penal Code;
- The crime of undue receipt of an advantage is punishable by up to 5 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 372 of the Penal Code;
- The crime of embezzlement is punishable by up to 8 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 375 of the Penal Code;
- The crime of economic participation in business is punishable by up to 5 years of imprisonment or with a fine penalty, under the terms of article 377 of the Penal Code;
- The crime of fraudulent receipt of economic benefit by officer is punishable by up to 8 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 379 of the Penal Code;

- The crime of abuse of power is punishable by up to 3 years of imprisonment or with a fine penalty, under the terms of article 382 of the Penal Code:
- The crime of prevarication is punishable by up to 8 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 369 of the Penal Code:
- The crime of influence peddling is punishable by up to 5 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 335 of the Penal Code;
- The crime of money laundering is punishable by up to 12 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 368-A of the Penal Code; and
- The crime of fraud in obtaining a subsidy, grant or credit is punishable by up to 8 years of imprisonment, under the terms of article 36 of Decree-Law No. 28/84 of 20 January, which foresees anti-economic offences and offences against public health.

For each infringement of the rules set out in the Code of Conduct and this Addendum, KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. will draw up a report identifying the rules infringed, the penalty applied, as well as the measures adopted or to be adopted, namely within the scope of the internal control system implemented, as set out in Article 7, n.º 3 of Decree-Law nº. 109-E/2021 of 9<sup>th</sup> of December.

4. Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation of the Code of Conduct

All members of KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. are obliged to comply with the rules set out in the Code of Conduct and its Addendum, as well as the policies and regulations established for the companies in the KUEHNE + NAGEL group.

The Code of Conduct is monitored by the Regulatory Compliance Officer appointed by KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. who is responsible for assessing compliance with the principles, values and rules of conduct set out in the Code of Conduct.

### 5. Training

KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. ensures that an internal training programme is carried out for all its members so that they are aware of the rules and procedures implemented for the prevention of corruption and related offences, as well as the other rules of conduct established in the Code of Conduct and internal policies, which should guide their behaviour.

The training provided will be adapted to the functions performed by the members, considering the different tasks carried out and consequently the different degrees of exposure to the risks identified.

### 6. Publicity

The Code of Conduct is made available internally via the intranet to all members.

KUEHNE + NAGEL IT SERVICES, S.A. takes the necessary measures to ensure that its Code of Conduct and Addendum are known to all its members.

#### 7. Review

The Code of Conduct is reviewed every three years.

The Code of Conduct will be revised extraordinarily whenever there is any change in the duties set out on the Code of Conduct, any change on the organisation or corporate structure of the company, and any change in the applicable legislation or due to the implementation of improvement actions that justify the revision of the elements set out in the Code of Conduct or in this Addendum to the Code of Conduct.